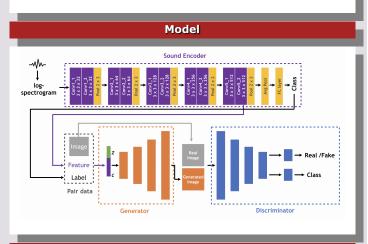
S2I-Bird: Sound-to-Image Generation of Bird Species using Generative Adversarial Networks

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Abstract

Generating images from sound is a challenging task. This paper proposes a novel deep learning model that generates bird images from their corresponding sound information. Our proposed model includes a sound encoder in order to extract suitable feature representations from audio recordings, and then it generates bird images that corresponds to its calls using conditional generative adversarial networks (GANs) with auxiliary classifiers. We demonstrate that our model produces better image generation results which outperforms other state- of-the-art methods in a similar context.



Dataset

- Caltech- UCSD Birds-200-2011 (CUB) dataset
- Xeno-Canto collaborated database

Training

Loss function for realness prediction Ls :

$$L_{S} = \mathbb{E} \left[\log P(S = real | X_{real}) \right] + \\ \mathbb{E} \left[\log P(S = fake | X_{fake}) \right]$$

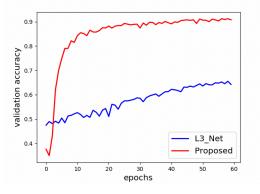
Loss function for class prediction $L_{\rm L}$:

 $L_L = \mathbb{E}[\log P(L = label | X_{real})] + \\ \mathbb{E}[\log P(L = label | X_{fake})]$

GAN discriminator is trained to maximize $Ls + L_L$ as well as the GAN generator is trained to maximize $-Ls + L_L$.

Result

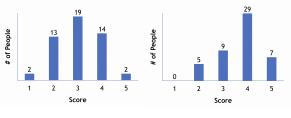
Training history on classification accuracy of L3 net and proposed sound encoder network



Inception score of generated images

Input condition	Inception Score
Upper Bound	4.10 ± 0.19
Label	2.81 ± 0.19
Mel-Spectrogram	1.76 ± 0.07
Our Sound Encoder	3.86 ± 0.31

Human evaluation on generated images



Label

Sound encoded features

• Samples of generated images on sound encoded feature condition.

