

OmniFlowNet: a Perspective Neural Network Adaptation for Optical Flow Estimation in Omnidirectional Images

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Context

Goal: Optical flow estimation in spherical images using deep learning approaches.

Issues:

- No omnidirectional annotated dataset;
- Strong images distortions due to projection.

Solutions: Adaptation of perspective networks taking into account distortions by modifying the convolution.

Local perspective projection on the sphere

Adapting the perspective CNN kernels to equirectangular:

(Fernandez et al. 2020)

- Spherical coordinates of the center of the kernel:

$$\phi_{00} = \left(u_{00} - \frac{W}{2} \right) \frac{2\pi}{W}; \quad \theta_{00} = - \left(v_{00} - \frac{H}{2} \right) \frac{\pi}{H}, \quad (1)$$

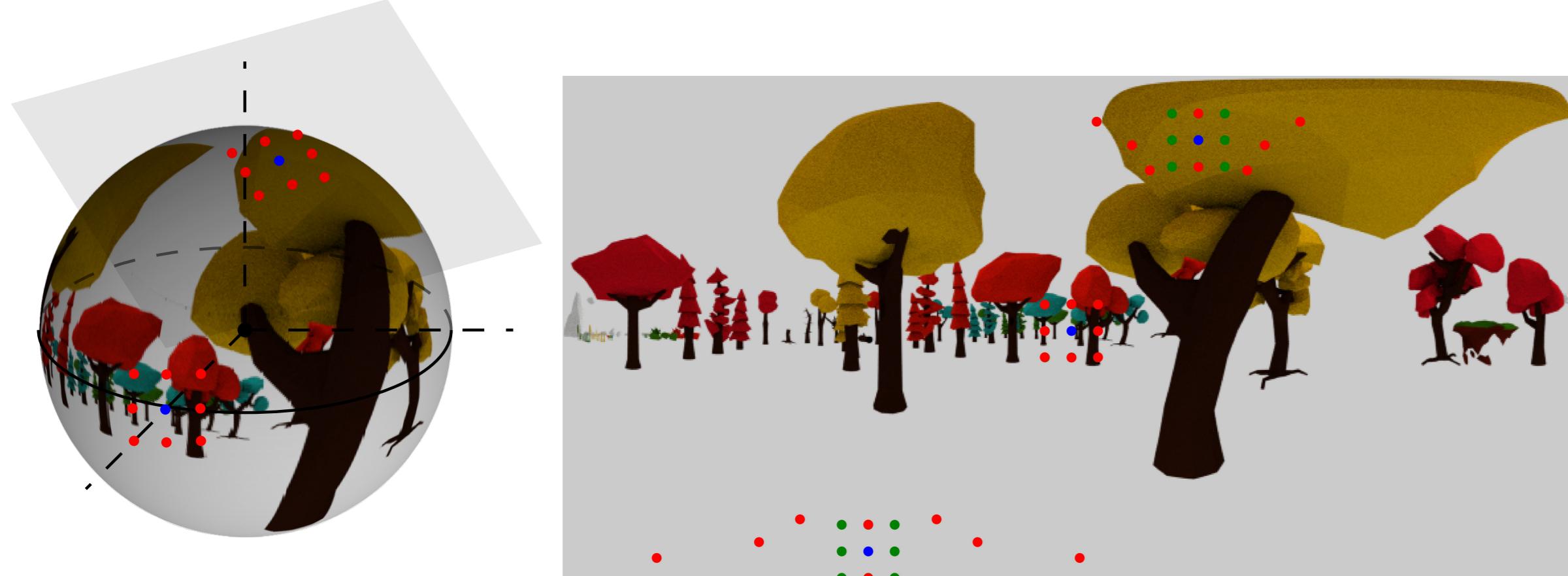
- For a kernel size r with local points (i,j) in $[-\frac{r-1}{2}, \frac{r-1}{2}]$, the coordinates of these points on the local perspective projection are :

$$p_{spher,ij} = \begin{bmatrix} x_{ij} \\ y_{ij} \\ z_{ij} \end{bmatrix} = R_y(\phi_{00}) R_x(\theta_{00}) \frac{\hat{p}_{spher,ij}}{|\hat{p}_{spher,ij}|}, \quad (2)$$

where $R_a(\beta)$ rotation matrix of β around the a axis.

- Finally the back projection on the 2D equirectangular image give these coordinates for the kernel points:

$$u_{ij} = \frac{W}{2\pi} \left(\arctan \left(\frac{x_{ij}}{z_{ij}} \right) + \pi \right); \quad v_{ij} = -\frac{H}{\pi} \left(\arcsin(y_{ij}) - \frac{\pi}{2} \right). \quad (3)$$



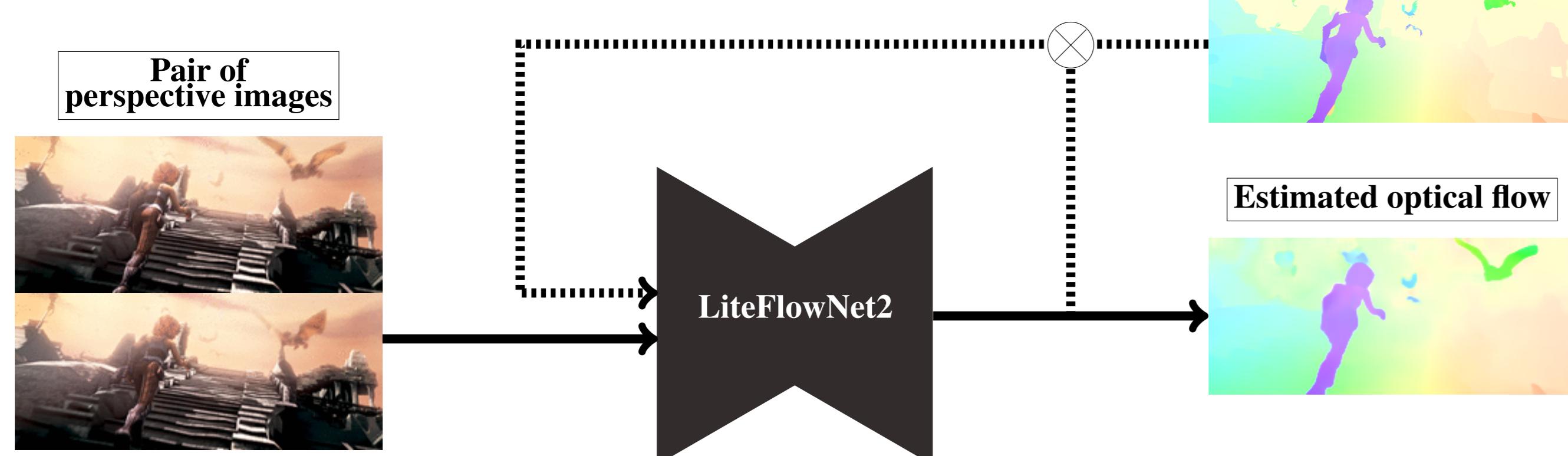
Blue: center of kernel. Green: Perspective kernel. Red: Spherical kernel.

Proposed Solution

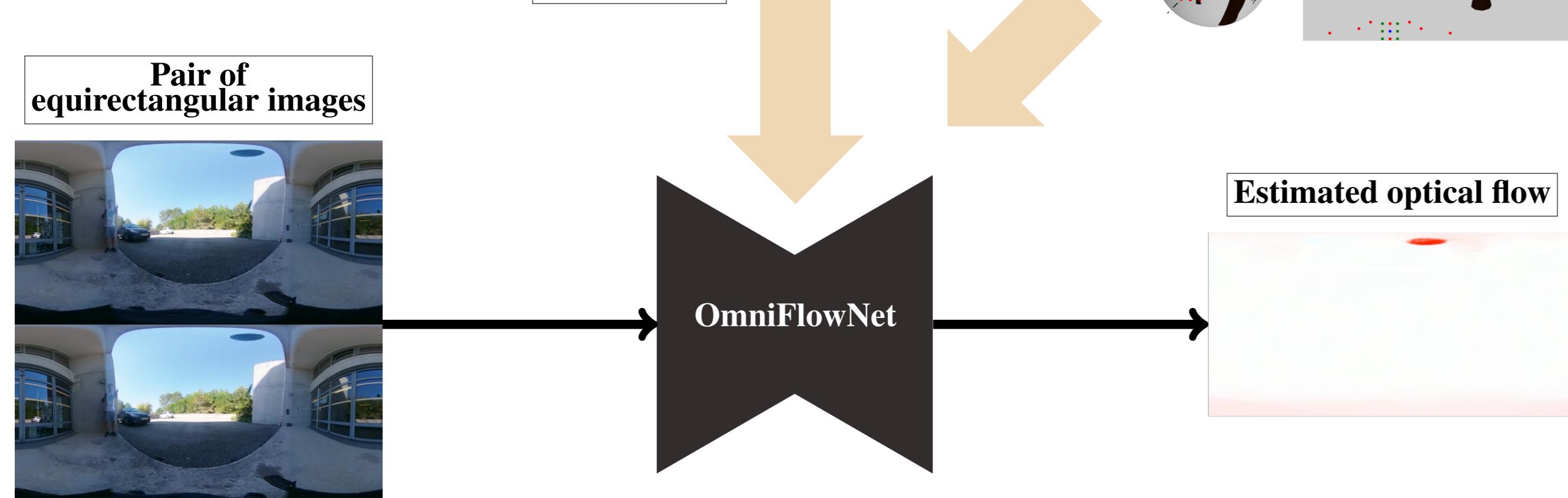
Implemented on **LiteFlowNet2** (Hui et al. 2020).

Weights from **LiteFlowNet2** authors on Sintel training Butler et al. 2012.

1. Training



2. Testing



Validation on virtual datasets built on Blender

Ground truth optical flow extracted using Blender Vector Pass (Ranjan et al. 2020).

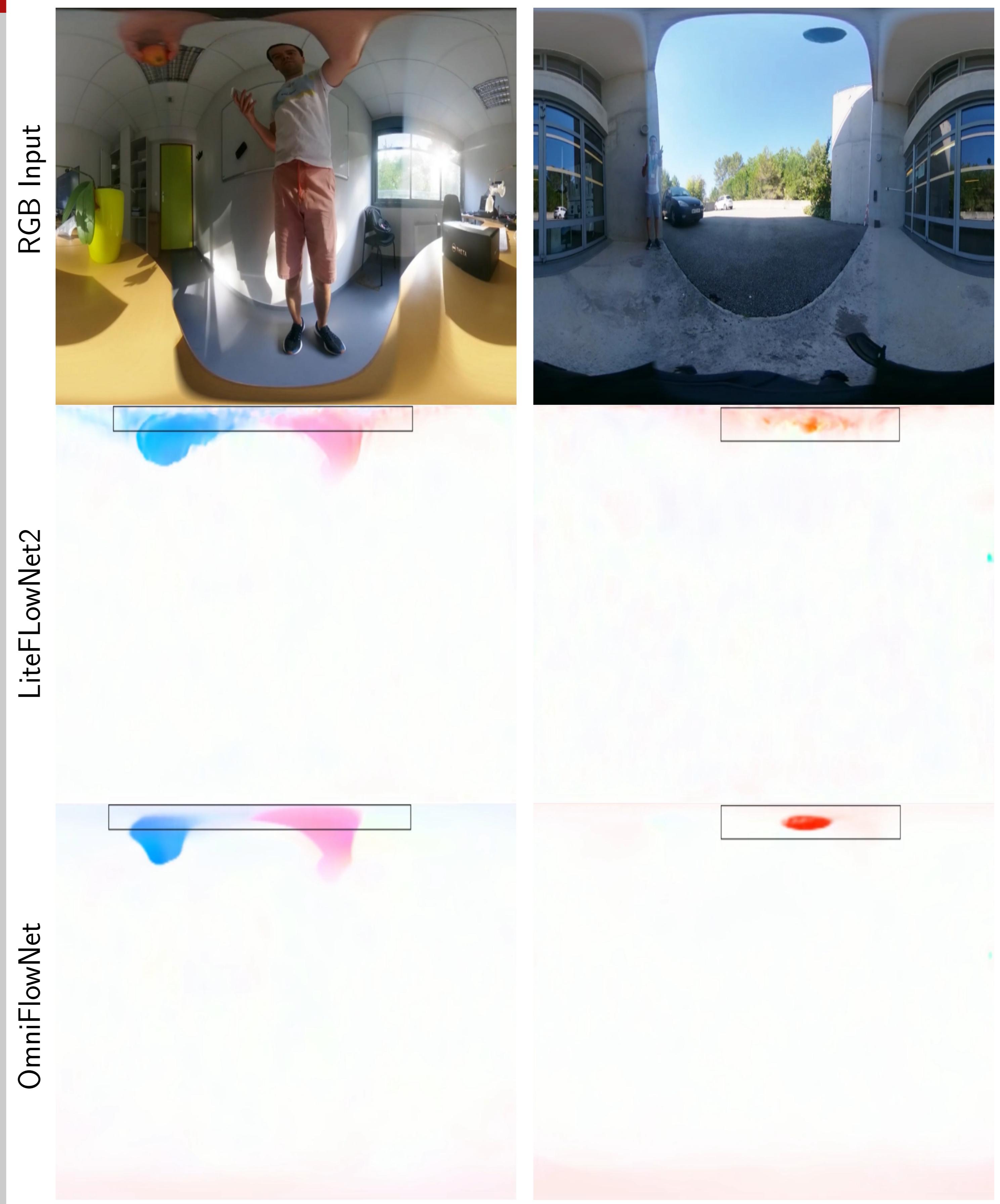


Comparison metrics used (Baker et al. 2007):

Angular Error (in degrees) and **Endpoint Error** (in pixels):

Average on 1200 frames	Cartoon Tree		Forest		Low Poly Model	
	AE	EE	AE	EE	AE	EE
LiteFlowNet2	63.07	5.60	58.11	10.61	58.03	7.66
OmniFlowNet	54.74	4.49	55.05	9.72	55.21	7.23

Validation on real videos



http://www.i3s.unice.fr/~allibert/Videos/icpr20_video.mp4.

Conclusion

OmniFlowNet:

- perspective CNN adapted to equirectangular images;
- plugin transferable on any CAFFE CNN;
- no extra training needed;
- no slowdown in the CNN execution;
- proven performances on real and virtual datasets.

References

- Baker, S. et al. (2007). "A Database and Evaluation Methodology". *International Conference on Computer Vision* 92. DOI: 10.1007/s11263-010-0390-2.
Butler, D. J. et al. (2012). "A naturalistic open source movie for optical flow evaluation". *European Conf. on Computer Vision (ECCV)*, pp. 611–625.
Fernandez, Clara et al. (2020). "Corners for Layout: End-to-End Layout Recovery from 360 Images". *IEEE Robotics and Automation Letters* PP, pp. 1255–1262. DOI: 10.1109/LRA.2020.2967274.
Ranjan, Anurag et al. (2020). "Learning Multi-Human Optical Flow". *International Journal of Computer Vision*. DOI: 10.1007/s11263-019-01279-w.