

Group-wise Feature Orthogonalization and Suppression for GAN based Facial Attribute Translation

Zhiwei Wen¹, Haoqian Wu¹, Weicheng Xie^{1,3}, Linlin Shen^{1,2,3}

¹Computer Vision Institute, Shenzhen University, Shenzhen, China

²Shenzhen Institute of Artificial Intelligence and Robotics for Society, PR China

³Guangdong Key Laboratory of Intelligent Information Processing, Shenzhen University, PR China



深圳大学
SHENZHEN UNIVERSITY

Introduction

Generative Adversarial Network (GAN) has been widely used for object attribute editing. However, the semantic correlation, resulted from the feature map interaction in the generative network of GAN, may impair the generalization ability of the generative network.

In this work, semantic disentanglement is introduced in GAN to reduce the attribute correlation. Meanwhile, the feature maps in the intersection regions are further suppressed to reduce the attribute-wise interaction.

Contribution

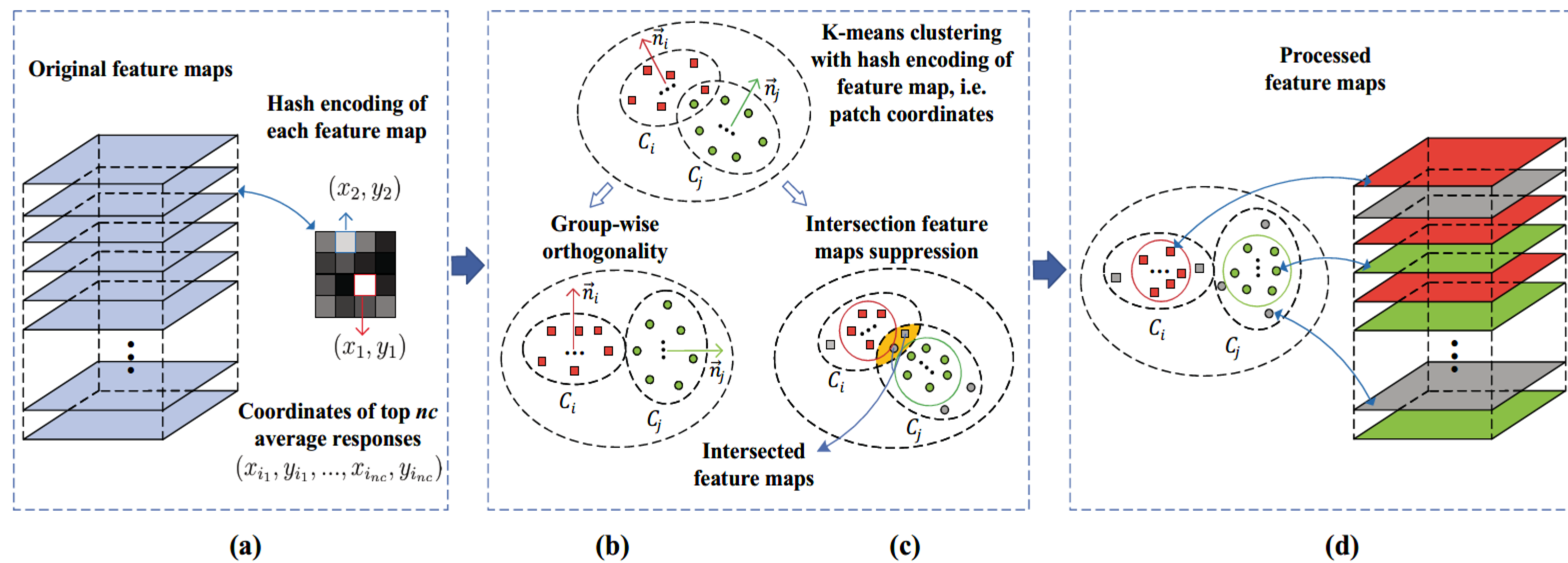
Hash Encoding: Feature map clustering is proposed to excavate semantic attributes and reduce their correlation based on an effective encoding of the feature maps.

Semantic Disentanglement: Group-wise orthogonality and intersection feature suppression are proposed to reduce attribute interaction.

Generalization Performances: Better generalization performances on visual and quantitative results are achieved by the proposed GAN.

Proposed Method

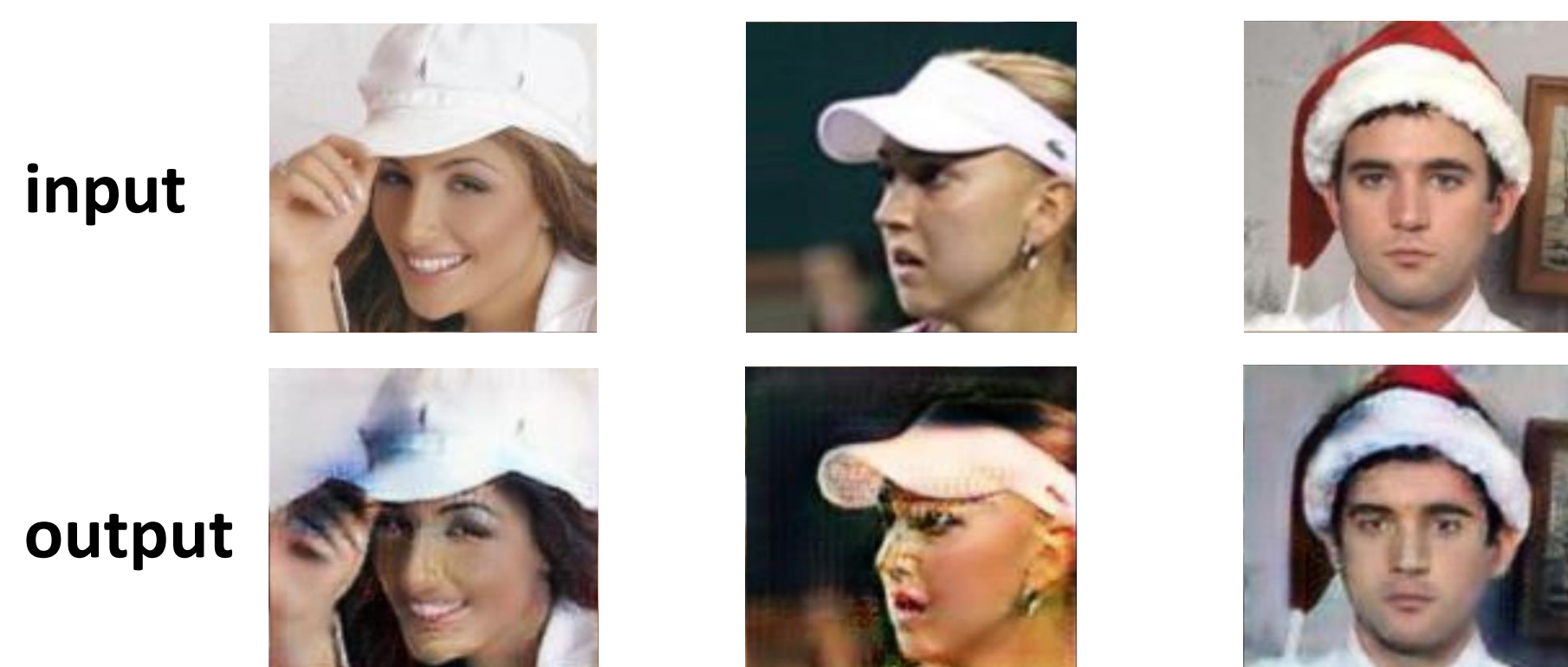
The framework of the proposed GAN



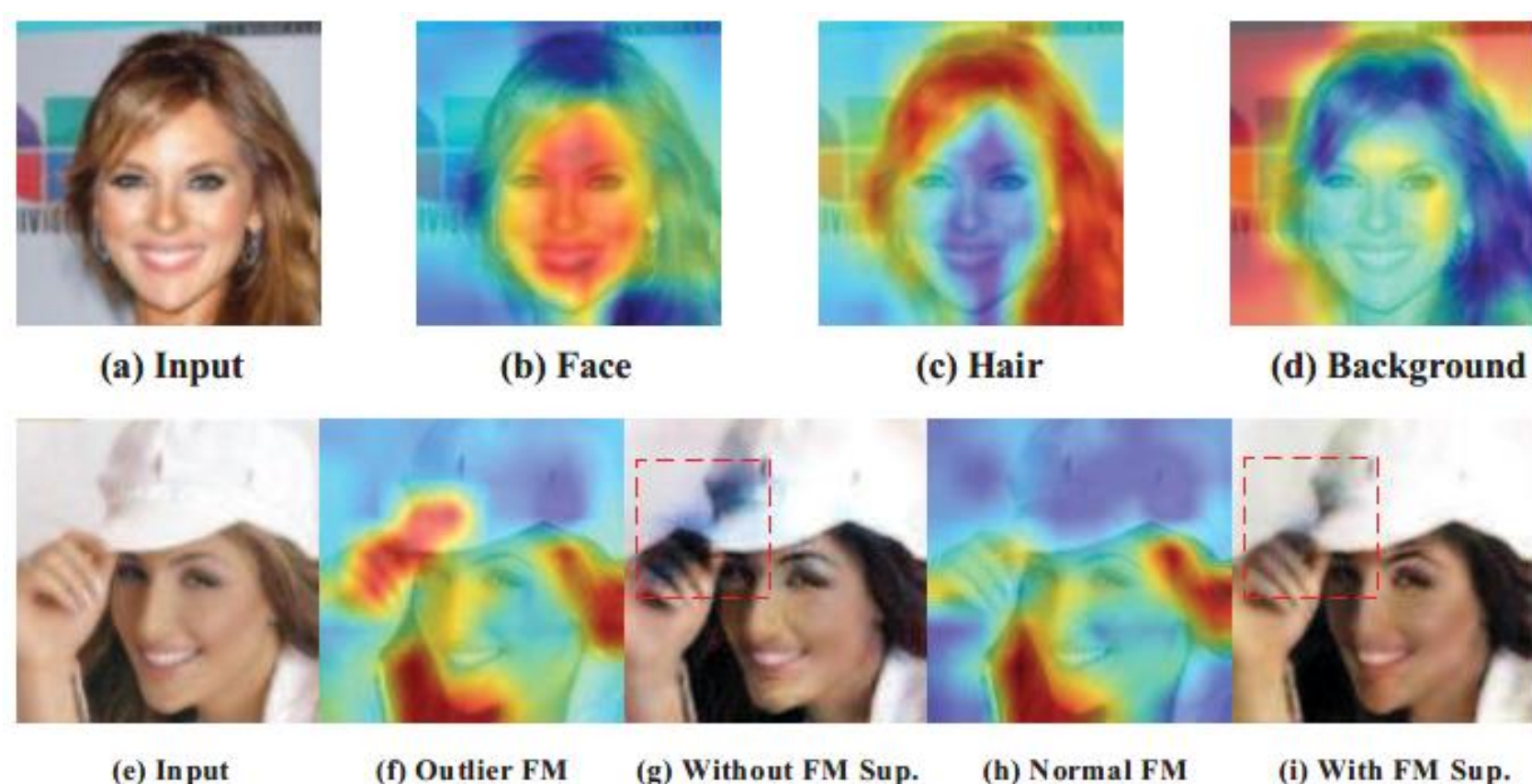
Network loss function

$$\begin{cases} \mathcal{L}_{drop} = E_{x,c'} [||G(x, c') - G_{drop}(x, c')||_1], \\ \mathcal{L}_{rec} = E_{x,c,c'} [||x - G_{drop}(G(x, c'), c)||_1], \\ \mathcal{L}_G = \mathcal{L}_{OriG} + \lambda_{drop}\mathcal{L}_{drop} + \lambda_{rec}\mathcal{L}_{rec} + \lambda_{GO}\mathcal{L}_{GO}, \\ \mathcal{L}_D = \mathcal{L}_{OriD}. \end{cases}$$

Attribute entanglement



Excavate semantic attributes



Experiment

Hash Encoding

Method	Accuracy ↑	IS ↑	FID ↓	RT ↓
Hash encoding	98.41%	2.770	43.51	0.102
PCA	98.21%	2.769	44.71	0.261
Direct vectorization	98.81%	2.759	46.92	1.289

↑ means larger numbers are preferred, ↓ means opposite.

CelebA and RaFD

Meas.	Method	Black	Blond	Brown	Gender	Age
Acc. ↑	<i>StarGAN</i>	66.77	78.98	55.96	60.06	63.46
	Ours	78.08	71.37	63.76	63.06	63.36
	<i>AttGAN</i>	50.55	31.23	34.33	63.96	58.16
	Ours	55.16	42.14	36.04	65.97	69.37
IS ↑	<i>StarGAN</i>	1.178	1.182	1.014	1.200	1.122
	Ours	1.204	1.237	1.033	1.221	1.127
	<i>AttGAN</i>	1.317	1.329	1.131	1.310	1.111
	Ours	1.331	1.344	1.157	1.325	1.121
FID ↓	<i>StarGAN</i>	65.90	93.06	71.28	105.06	85.58
	Ours	58.86	79.92	64.86	101.73	76.68
	<i>AttGAN</i>	62.29	84.94	66.41	101.03	82.56
	Ours	56.63	82.51	60.97	98.78	78.06

↑ means larger numbers are preferred, ↓ means opposite.

Method	Accuracy ↑	IS ↑	FID ↓
<i>StarGAN</i>	97.62%	2.516	46.59
<i>StarGAN+IFS</i>	97.02%	2.673	46.53
<i>StarGAN+GO</i>	97.62%	2.617	44.56
<i>StarGAN+IFS+GO</i>	98.41%	2.770	43.51
<i>AttGAN</i>	65.48%	2.785	60.39
<i>AttGAN+IFS</i>	69.84%	2.803	51.02
<i>AttGAN+GO</i>	70.63%	2.827	50.01
<i>AttGAN+IFS+GO</i>	73.02%	2.918	53.24

↑ means larger numbers are preferred, ↓ means opposite.

Generalization Performances

Metric	Method	Black	Blond	Brown	Gender	Age
Acc. ↑	<i>StarGAN</i>	53.75	62.50	57.29	70.63	66.67
	Ours	80.42	50.63	60.63	74.79	77.50
	<i>AttGAN</i>	56.46	15.83	43.33	41.04	50.42
	Ours	59.17	11.46	49.58	44.38	74.38
IS ↑	<i>StarGAN</i>	1.192	1.083	1.003	1.126	1.067
	Ours	1.211	1.087	1.024	1.176	1.078
	<i>AttGAN</i>	1.238	1.050	1.180	1.028	1.069
	Ours	1.276	1.052	1.183	1.050	1.082
FID ↓	<i>StarGAN</i>	138.74	169.35	150.26	176.01	188.59
	Ours	136.85	163.49	142.78	161.10	172.46
	<i>AttGAN</i>	138.97	191.56	152.34	184.23	171.03
	Ours	139.43	184.73	154.79	170.23	156.69

↑ means larger numbers are preferred, ↓ means opposite.

Visual Results

