

Cross-Regional Attention Network for Point Cloud Completion

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Introduction

Point clouds obtained from LiDARs or depth cameras are always incomplete, which will cause structural losses in 3D shape representations. In this paper, we propose a method to repair partial point clouds and restore complete object shapes.



The overall architecture of our network

Compared with existing methods, the main contribution of our network is the usage of local features, they are conditioned by global features and fused with each other. Three main parts in our network:

(1) Multiscale Feature Extraction module (MFE): Independently extract local and global features from inputs.

(2) Cross-Regional Attention module (CRA): Learn relationships of local features and make them fuse with each other.

(3) Two-step Decoder: Decode cross-regionally fused local features to generate complete point cloud from coarse to fine.



Experiments

We test our data on six categories of objects, partial point clouds are generated by the virtually scanning process of a multi-channel LiDAR.



An example of point clouds in our dataset, the left two point clouds are ground truths with 16384 and 1024 points, respectively. The right point cloud is generated by a virtual 64-channel LiDAR



Some completion results on different types of cars



Comparison results on six categories of objects

Quantitative Results

Methods	Average	Airplane	Car	Chair	Guitar	Lamp	Sofa
L-GAN	13.49	8.52	8.09	16.79	11.01	25.88	10.65
AtlasNet	15.20	10.16	10.80	19.00	11.43	26.38	13.45
PCN	12.84	8.20	7.82	16.22	10.37	24.40	10.03
Ours	11.70	7.58	7.94	15.12	9.15	20.53	9.89
	Similarity co	mparison	in turns	of EMD	×100 (Lo	wer is be	tter)

Methods	Average	Airplane	Car	Chair	Guitar	Lamp	Sofa
L-GAN-Folding	3.06	1.68	2.01	3.93	1.80	6.04	2.92
AtlasNet	5.24	3.30	4.19	6.74	2.88	8.90	5.43
PCN	2.89	1.58	1.91	3.73	1.68	5.72	2.89
Ours	2.70	1.56	1.85	3.62	1.54	5.06	2.61

Similarity comparison in turns of CD×100 (Lower is better)

Conclusion

In this paper, we propose a new point cloud completion network based on local features. Both intuitive and guantitative results show that our network performs well. We hope that our method is able to contribute to future 3D visions.