Fast Multi-Level Foreground Estimation

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Image Composition

$$I_i = \alpha_i \cdot F_i + (1 - \alpha_i) \cdot B_i$$



- $I_i \in \mathbb{R}^3$: Image color (at pixel position *i*)
- $\alpha_i \in \mathbb{R}$: Alpha value (translucency)
- $F_i \in \mathbb{R}^3$: Foreground color
- $B_i \in \mathbb{R}^3$: Background color

Foreground Estimation



- Goal: Obtain foreground F from image I and alpha matte α
- Problem: Underconstrained
 - 6 unknowns in F_i and B_i
 - 3 equations (one for each color channel)

Motivation



Naively composing image *l* onto background leads to color bleeding

•
$$\alpha I = \alpha (\alpha F + (1 - \alpha)B) = \frac{\alpha^2}{\alpha}F + \frac{\alpha (1 - \alpha)B}{\alpha} \neq \alpha F$$

• Foreground F required to achieve pleasant results

Closed Form Foreground Estimation [LLW07]

$$\begin{aligned} \cos_{\text{global}}(F,B) &= \sum_{i \in I} \sum_{c} \left[\alpha_i F_i^c + (1 - \alpha_i) B_i^c - I_i^c \right]^2 \\ &+ |\alpha_{i_x}| \left[\left(F_{i_x}^c \right)^2 + \left(B_{i_x}^c \right)^2 \right] \\ &+ |\alpha_{i_y}| \left[\left(F_{i_y}^c \right)^2 + \left(B_{i_y}^c \right)^2 \right] \end{aligned}$$

- Minimize cost function over pixels i and color channels c
- Constrain composite color
- Penalize horizontal color gradients F_{i_x} , B_{i_x} in regions of large alpha gradients $|\alpha_{i_x}|$
- Same for vertical color gradients F_{i_v} , B_{i_v}
- Requires 3 solves (one per color channel) of a 2N × 2N sparse linear system where N is number of pixels

Solution? - Local Formulation of Method by [LLW07]

$$\cot_{\text{local}}(F_i^c, B_i^c) = (\alpha_i F_i^c + (1 - \alpha_i) B_i^c - I_i^c)^2 + \sum_{j \in N_i} (\epsilon_r + \omega |\alpha_i - \alpha_j|) \left[(F_i^c - F_j^c)^2 + (B_i^c - B_j^c)^2 \right]$$

- Local cost function over neighbors *j* ∈ *N_i* of pixel *i*
- Control regularization with parameter ϵ_r
- Weight gradient term with parameter ω
- Problem: How to solve this cost function?
 - Iterative approach infeasible
 - Solution only propagates slowly across image

Solution - Multi-Level Approach



- 1. Downsample input image and α until small
- 2. Solve at lowest resolution, use as initialization for larger size



Quality of Estimated Foreground



- Computed sum of absolute differences (SAD) for 27 images in dataset by [RRW⁺09]
- Adapted IndexNet by [LDSX19] to perform foreground estimation instead of alpha matting

Quality of Estimated Foreground for Various Alpha Mattes

Alpha	Foreground	SAD	MSE	GRAD
		10^{-3}	10 ³	10^{-3}
α_{gt}	Multi-Level (Ours)	20.9	1.44	8.89
	Closed-Form (Levin)	21.1	1.34	8.13
	IndexNet (Lu)	28.8	2.33	11.1
	KNN (Chen)	32.0	3.25	16.1
α_{KNN}	Multi-Level (Ours)	31.8	2.5	11.5
	Closed-Form (Levin)	36.6	3.51	14.2
	IndexNet (Lu)	38.3	3.9	14.5
	KNN (Chen)	34.6	3.22	13.0
α _{IDX}	Multi-Level (Ours)	47.9	5.66	15.8
	Closed-Form (Levin)	59.0	8.03	21.5
	IndexNet (Lu)	62.6	8.65	21.4
	KNN (Chen)	37.1	3.81	16.9
α_{IFM}	Multi-Level (Ours)	31.6	2.44	11.4
	Closed-Form (Levin)	37.7	3.98	15.3
	IndexNet (Lu)	36.4	3.93	15.7
	KNN (Chen)	33.7	2.97	13.6

Setup	Method	Time [s]	Std. dev. [s]
НРС	Multi-Level (Ours)	2.04	0.296
	Closed-Form [LLW07]	26.3	5.48
	IndexNet [LDSX19]	74.5	10.1
	KNN [CLT13]	38.2	6.47
MacBook	Multi-Level (Ours)	1.48	0.251
	Closed-form [LLW07]	27.9	7.93
	IndexNet [LDSX19]	-	_
	KNN [CLT13]	148.0	56.2

Runtime for Varying Image Sizes



Method	Memory [MB]	Data Type
Multi-Level (Ours)	1 182	64-bit float
Closed-Form [LLW07]	7 781	64-bit float
IndexNet [LDSX19]	91 648	32-bit float
KNN [CLT13]	7 850	64-bit float

 IndexNet evaluated with 32-bit float precision due to high memory usage

- Multi-level approach effective to solve local cost function for foreground estimation
- Comparable quality to existing methods
- Order of magnitude faster
- Low memory usage
- Robust with respect to different alpha estimates

Implementation

- Part of open-source PyMatting library [GUCH20] https://github.com/pymatting/pymatting
- Also available with OpenCL or CUDA acceleration
- Easy installation via pip install PyMatting

```
from pymatting import *
# Load images
image = load_image("image.png", "RGB")
alpha = load_image("alpha.png", "GRAY")
# Estimate foreground
foreground = estimate_foreground_ml(image, alpha)
# Concatenate RGB and alpha channels
foreground_with_alpha = stack_images(foreground, alpha)
# Save resulting image
save_image("result.png", foreground_with_alpha)
```

References





Jingwei Tang, Yagiz Aksoy, Cengiz Oztireli, Markus Gross, and Tunc Ozan Aydin. Learning-based sampling for natural image matting.

In Proceedings of the IEEE Conference on Computer Vision and Pattern Recognition, pages 3055–3063, 2019.