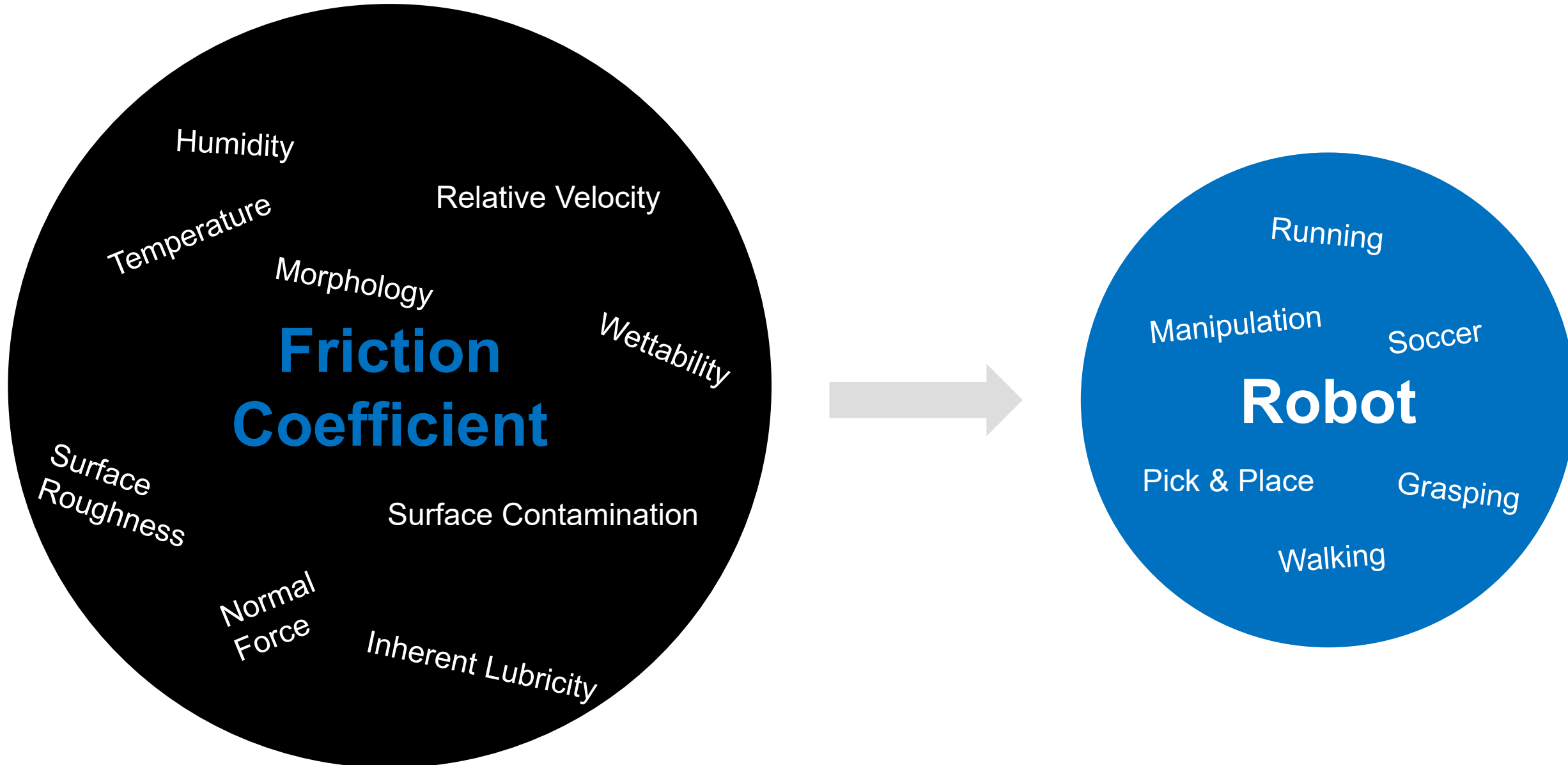


Surface Material Dataset for Robotics Applications (SMDRA): A Dataset with Friction Coefficient and RGB-D for Surface Segmentation

Donghun Noh, Hyunwoo Nam, Min Sung Ahn, Hosik Chae,
Sangjoon Lee, Kyle Gillespie, and Dennis Hong



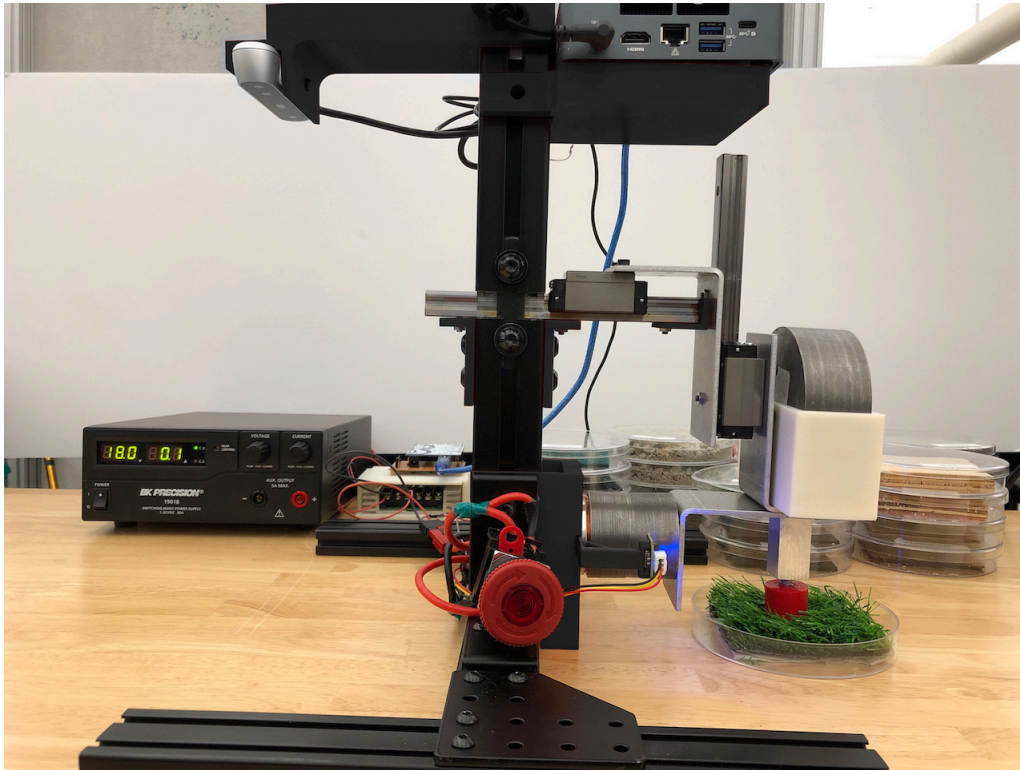


Fig 1. Data Collecting Device

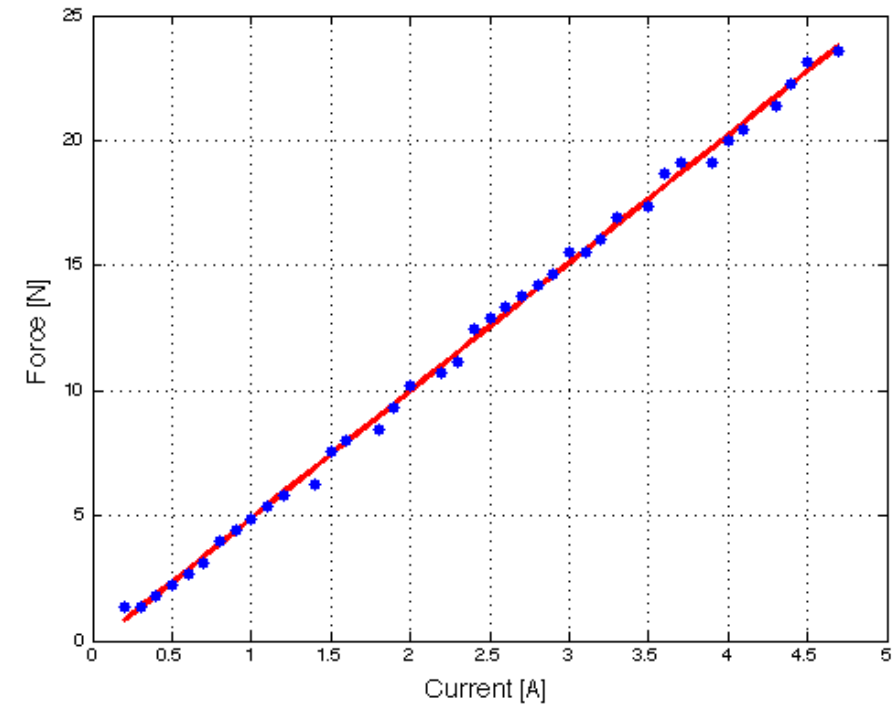


Fig 2. Recorded current [A] vs Force [N] of VCM

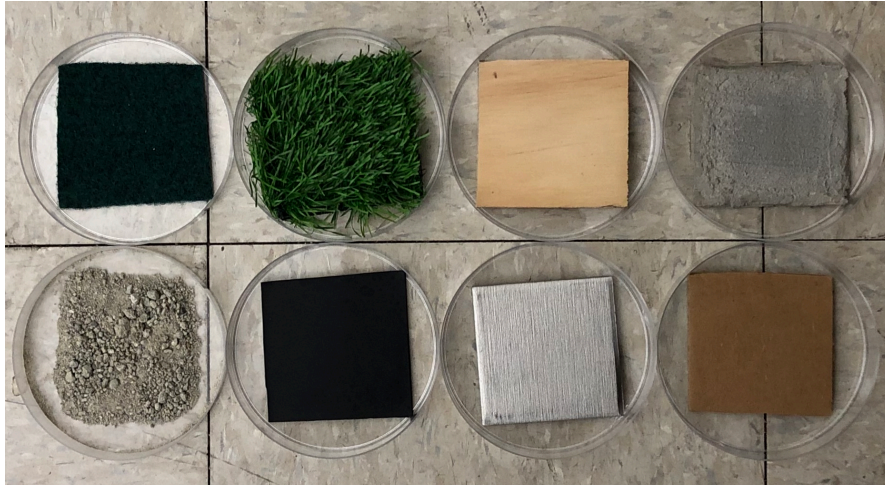


Fig 3. Measured Friction Coefficients

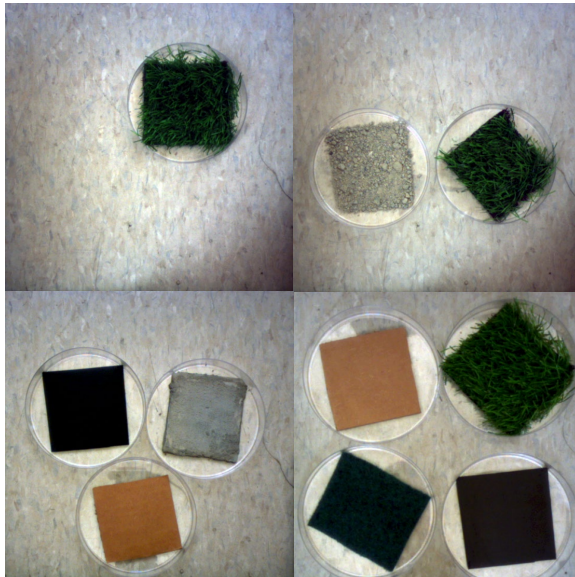


Fig 4. 4 Different Combinations of Materials

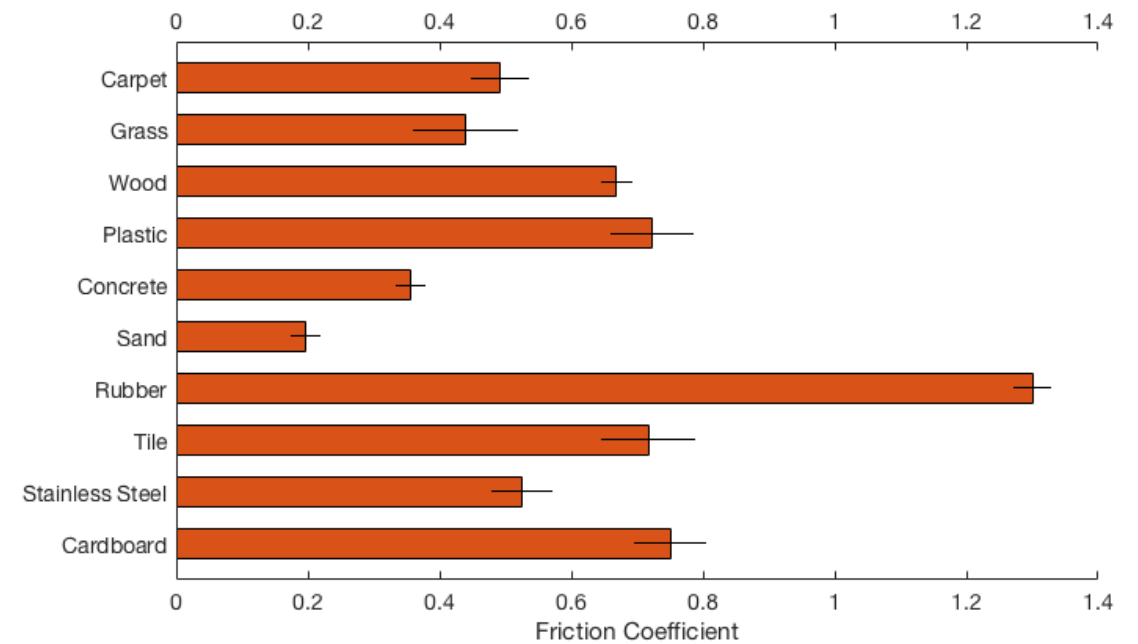


Fig 5. Measured Friction Coefficients

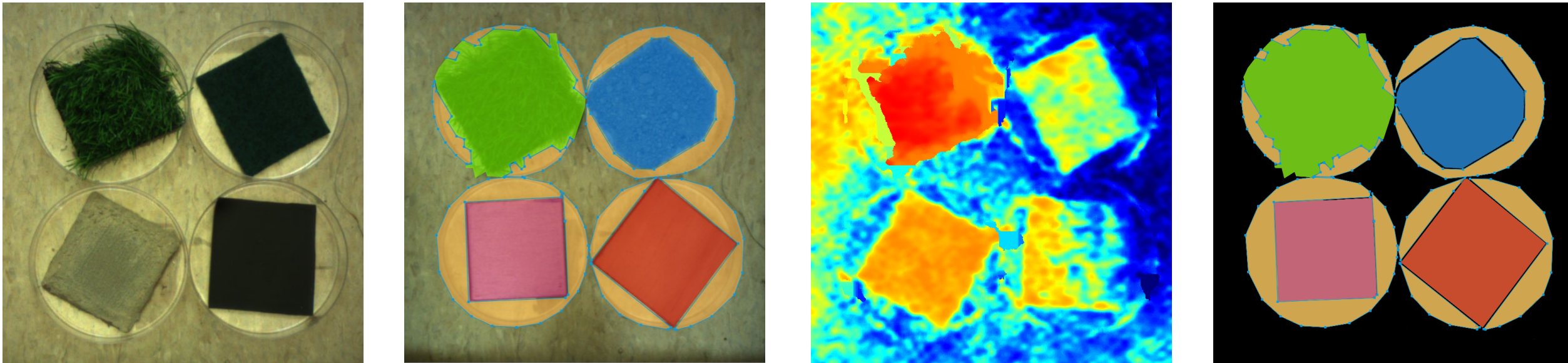


Fig 6. Examples of IR, Depth and Annotated Images

Result

Architecture	FCN	U-Net
Input	RGB/RGBD	
Data Shape	512*512*3/512*512*4	
Batch Size	4	
Epochs	25	
Optimizer	Adam	
Activation Function	LReLU	

Table 1. Training Parameters

		Pixel Acc.	Mean Acc.	Mean IU
FCN	RGB	0.95301	0.90072	0.79842
	RGB-D	0.97288	0.95477	0.89749
U-Net	RGB	0.95658	0.86184	0.75606
	RGB-D	0.96286	0.94738	0.91287

Table 2. Training and Segmentation Results

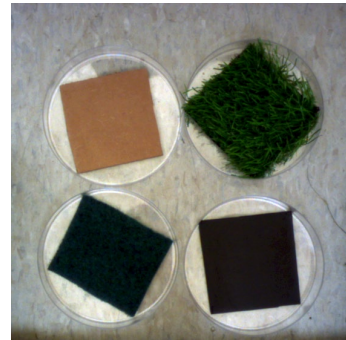
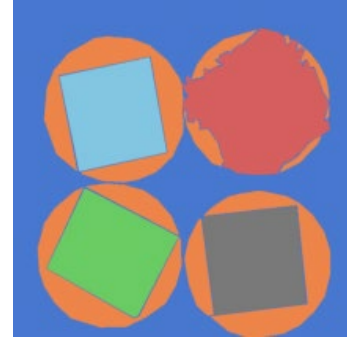
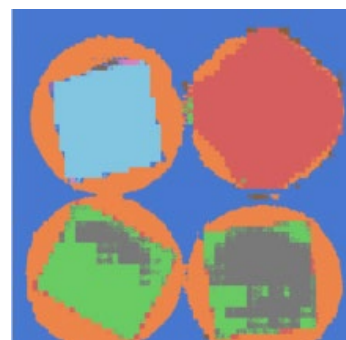
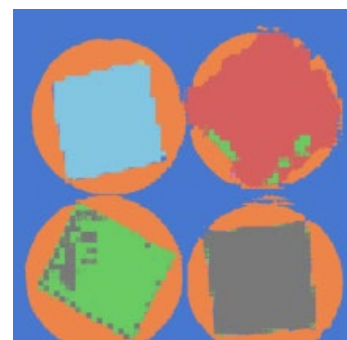
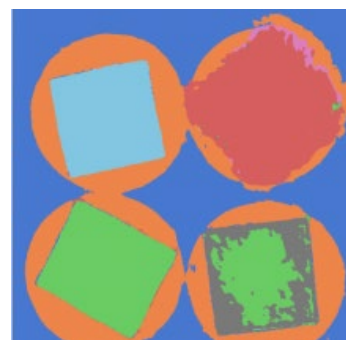
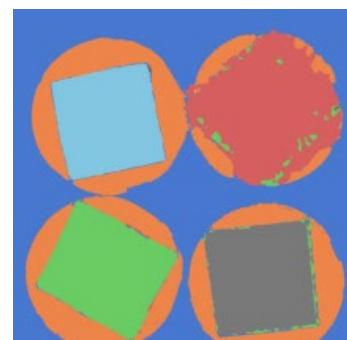
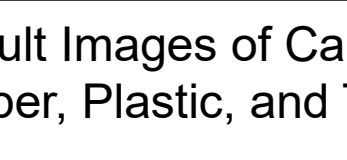
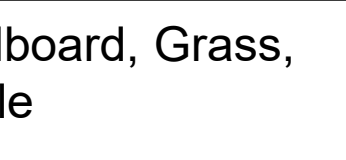
Raw Image/ Ground Truth			
FCN	RGB/R GBD		
			
U-Net	RGB/R GBD		

Table 3. Result Images of Cardboard, Grass, Carpet, Rubber, Plastic, and Tile

Conclusion

- Obtained reliable friction coefficient data using a newly developed device
- Successfully built a dataset consisting of RGB-D data and pixel-wise friction coefficient data
- Verified that two popular neural networks, FCN and U-Net, could be trained on the SMDRA

Future Works

- Expanding the dataset
- Developing a neural network architecture for friction coefficient estimation

Thank You!

25th International Conference on Pattern Recognition (ICPR)